titute impediments in the normalization of relations between the two countries.

(b) India has taken a number of initiatives to normalize relations with Pakistan in accordance with the fetter and spirit of the Simla Agreement.

(c) Indo-Pak relations have been hampered by several negative actions on the part of Pakistan, such as its involvement with extremist activities directed against India, its aggressive pursuit of a weapons-oriented nuclear programme, its scramble for sophisticated weapons and its unwillingness to permit the expansion of people-to-people contacts between the two countries.

Cabinet meeting at Sariska

309. SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA:
SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA;
SHRI N. E. BALARAM;
SHRI KALPNATH RAI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state;

(a) whether a meeting of the Union Cabinet was held at Sariska in Rajasthan on December 18, 1987; and

(b) if so, the experdiui-re on holding the meeting in this wild life sanctuary?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI RAJIV GANDHI) (a) An informal get-together of the Union Cabinet was held at .Sariska in Rajasthan on 18th and 19th December, 1987.

(b) No special expenditure was incurred by the Union Government except the expenditure on travel. The Government of Rajasthan, offered hospitality.

Lok Adalats held in 1987

310 SHRI SAGAR RAYKA;
SHRI RAMSINGBHAI PATALIYABHAI RATHVAKOLI;

Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state;

(a) whether the Lok Adalats are gaining popularity day-by-day;

(b) what axe the reactions of Govern ment, public and the Press of such Lok Adalats;

(c) whether the number of Lok Adalats were held more in Gujarat and other parts during 1987 in comparison to previous years;

(d) the total number of the Lok Adalats held during 1st January, 1987 to 11th February, 198S in Gujarat and other parts; and

(e) the number of cases brought oefore such Lok Adalats during the above period and the total number of the cases decided?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI HANS RAJ BHARDWAJ): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The Lok Adalats are gaining popularity and generally the reaction of the Government public and the press has been very favourable.

(c) The number of Lok Adalats in Gujarat in 1987 was 29 as against 30 in the previous year. Strikes, agitation and drought conditions were reasons for not holding more of them.

(d) and (e) The relevant information is contained in the statement *(.see* below) However, the figuros regarding number of cases brought before the Lok Adalat are not available.